Hybrid Distributed Computing Infrastructure Experiments in Grid5000: Supporting QoS in Desktop Grids with Cloud Resources

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Plan

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- 2 The SpeQuloS framework
- 3 Grid5000 as a Best-Effort DCI
- 4 Grid5000 as a Cloud
- 5 Conclusion

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Context

- Growing demand for computing power from scientific communities (large application, large datasets)
- Distributed Computing Infrastructures continues to diversify :
 - Supercomputers, Grids, Desktop Grids, and now Cloud Computing...
 - Different characteristics in term of performance, size, cost, reliability, quality of service etc...

Question : how do we mix them ? According to which criteria/scenario ?

- example : extends Grid infrastructure with Cloud resources to meet a peak demand.
- example : use local Desktop Grid to cut the Cloud resource cost.
- example : use on-demand Cloud resources to improve QoS of Desktop Grid.

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Background : The EU FP7 EDGI

- EDGeS (Enabling Desktop Grid for eScience) : bridges from EGEE to Desktop Grid (BOINC and XtremWeb)
- FP7 EDGI/DEGISCO are new projects to maintain and extend the EDGeS infrastructures
 - new Grids : ARC, Unicore
 - Clouds : Eucalyptus, OpenNebula
- International Desktop Grid Federation: 40 partners worldwide.



Motivation for QoS in Best-Effort DCI

- Best Effort DCI: Desktop Grid, Grids' besteffort queues, Amazon EC2 spot instances, ...
- Characteristics: Variable amount of resources, volatility, unpredictability, unannounced departure.
- Low QoS compare to classical DCI \rightarrow Tail Effect



- We define *Quality of Service* as a level of confidence in Bag of Task (BoT) execution :
 - BoT makespan is the time between the BoT is first submitted and the time all the results have been received and validated
 - What can be estimated, predicted, guaranteed ?

Question: how do we provide QoS to users given the dynamism and volatility of the computing resources ?

- Intrinsic approach : improve scheduler for QoS ability
- Extrinsic approach : provide additional dedicated computing resources

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The SpeQuloS Framework

- Objectives:
 - Allow users to express QoS needs for their BoT
 - Provision resources from Cloud to satisfy these needs
- Needs:
 - Monitor iInfrastructure activity & BoT execution
 - When & How many Cloud resources to provision
 - Instanciate Cloud resources as Cloud Workers and manage it
 - Account and arbitrate Cloud usage



Overview of the SpeQuloS framework



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Implementation details

DG Middle-ware

- Middle-ware supported: BOINC, XtremWeb-HEP (XWHEP)
- Modifications to make sure that workers deployed in the Cloud only process specified BoT.
- $\rightarrow\,$ XWHEP version \geq 7.3.0 & patch for BOINC server

Starting Workers on the Cloud

- For each Clouds, VM images are built with DG workers software
- Cloud Workers started using libcloud and ssh to configure them
- Clouds supported : OpenNebula, EC2, Eucalyptus and we added G5K

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Experimental Testbed Using Grid'5000

- XWHEP Desktop Grid server @ LRI, connected to EGEE
- A gateway to allow G5K nodes to connect to the XWHEP server.
- A set of XWHEP worker nodes, executed on G5K nodes.
 - A G5K job is a pilot job running several XWHEP workers (1 per core)
 - No specific environment needed
 - G5K jobs submitted in best effort queue → Variable amount of resources, unpredictable and unannounced node departure.
- SpeQuIoS monitors the XWHEP server and start Cloud resources from Amazon EC2.



Grid'5000 resources utilization

Deployment on seven G5K sites, running:

 $max_{\#}pjobs \leftarrow 30$ $max_{\#}pjobs_waiting \leftarrow 7$

while true do

if current_#pjobs < max_#pjobs then
if current_#pjobs_waiting <
 max_#pjobs_waiting then
 "Submit start_XWHEP_workers to
 one Grid5000 node in besteffort
 queue"</pre>

else

"Too many pilot jobs waiting"

end if

else

"Maximum number of pilot jobs reached" end if

sleep(15 minutes)

end while



First results



 \rightarrow the tail has disappeared ! But not enough experiments to conclude.

Image: Image:

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Using Grid'5000 as a Cloud

• For experimentations, it is difficult to use Clouds is :

- Using public Clouds like EC2 is costly
- Using private Clouds:
 - * Is complex to deploy and maintain
 - * Needs a lot of hardware to be useful.
- Grid'5000 has most of laaS Cloud features
 - On-demand resources availability
 - User-driven execution environment using deployment
 - Remote access through API
- Idea: Conduct SpeQuIoS experiments with Grid5000 as a Cloud.

The Grid'5000 libcloud driver

- libcloud:
 - Python API used in SpeQuloS
 - Common interface to various Cloud technologies
 - Support: Amazon EC2, Eucalytpus, OpenNebula, RackSpace, Nimbus, ...
- We propose a new "driver" for libcloud: Grid'5000 driver
 - Using the Grid'5000 API
 - Implement standard libcloud features:

libcloud feature	Grid5000 implementation
Start/Stop instance	Interactive job submission
List Node Sizes	List available nodes
List Disk Image	List available environment to deploy

Still few work to be completed

Experimentation results

- Grid5000 is used as Best Effort DCI
- Both EC2 and Grid5000 are used as Cloud resources
- Grid5000 as a Cloud is hosted on the Rennes site



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Conclusion

On-going works regarding SpeQuloS

- Improving SpeQuloS basics:
 - improve real-time estimation of completion time (moving average)
 - improve the detection of the tails by fitting statistical distribution to BoT execution archive
 - improve scheduling of Cloud resources, i.e. when and how many Cloud Workers to start ?
- \rightarrow More G5K experiments to validate SpeQuloS

Remarks on Grid5000 utilization

- Grids besteffort queue as a Best Effort DCI
- Grid5000 can be used as a Cloud
 - Without additional virtualization
 - Not as flexible as real Cloud (deployment, node size, isolated network)
 - libcloud driver release will be announced on the mailing list

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